(c) whether the provisions of the Act have been brought into effect and if so, since when; and

(d) if not, the reasons therefor and by when the same will come into force?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCESAND PENSIONS (SHRI SURESH PACHOURI): (a) and (b) The Central Vigilance Commission Act, 2003 passed by the Parliament in 2003 is a public document and has been published in the Gazette of India Extraordinary, Section 1, Part-ll dated 12th September, 2003 for general information.

(c) and (d) The Central Vigilance Commission Act,. 2003 has come into operation *w.e.f.* the 11th September, 2003 i.e. the date on which it has received the assent of the President.

**CBI raids**

† 436. SHRI RAVI SHANKAR PRASAD:
SHRI RAJ MOHINDER SINGH MAJITHA:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that CBI has made large scale raids in different towns of the country from the year 2002 to June, 2005 and nabbed corrupt persons;

(b) if so, the number of raids made by CBI during the said period and the number of persons related to these raids; and

(c) the number of persons found guilty as well as the number of persons found jnnocent in the initial enquiry?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCESAND PENSIONS (SHRI SURESH PACHOURI): (a) Yes, Sir. CBI conducted 11 nationwide Special Drives during 2002 to June 2005 (4 in 2002,1 in 2003, 3 in 2004 & 3 in 2005) as a part of its Vigilance and Anti corruption work. In these drives searches were conducted at several places across the country.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) Details of raids is given as follows:

| Year | No. of cases registered | No. of persons involved | No. of searches conducted |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2002 | 122 | 235 | 383 |
| 2003 | 32 | 48 | 104 |
| 2004 | 138 | 414 | 621 |
| 2005 (upto 30.6.2005) | 169 | 404 | 632 |
| TOTAL | 461 | 1101 | 1640 |

(c) Searches are conducted during investigation to collect evidence guilt or innocence of persons involved is determined by the Courts where the cases are submitted for trial. No such conclusion can be reached during initial enquiry.

**Harassment of whistle blowers**

437. SHRI K.B. KRISHNAMURTHY:
SHRI SANTOSH BAGRODIA:
SHRI HARISH RAWAT

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that whistle blowers/scam busters are being harassed by their respective Departments and Investigating Agencies; and

(b) if so, how many such cases have come to the notice of Govemment and what steps have been taken for their safety?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL. PUBLIC GRIEVANCESAND PENSIONS (SHRI SURESH PACHOURI): (a) and (b) The Central Vigilance Commission (CVC) has been made the Designated Agency to look into the complaints made by whistle blower and to ensure their protection. The CVC has informed that it has formulated its policy for handling complaints under Government of India resolution with respect to whistle blowers/scams busters, which is available on its website. It has further stated that the fact related to harassment/victimization of whistle blower can *be* established only after the investigation are over.